

### **General Description**

The ASD3910X are family of very low dropout voltage linear regulators with excellent line and load regulation. They are capable of delivering 1A of output current with typical dropout voltage of 380mV. The devices are designed to operate with wide input voltage range of 2.25 – 16 Volts and are available in either fixed or adjustable output Voltages.

The regulators includes an enable pin for electrical on/off of the regulator. Forcing the enable pin to logic low shuts down the LDO and reduces the supply current. An open drain power good allows easy sequencing with external regulators.

The ASD3910X family offer complete short-circuit and thermal protection. The combination of these two internal protection circuits gives the device a comprehensive safety system to safe guard against extreme adverse operating conditions. In addition, when the input voltage is removed, the reverse battery protection prohibits the output voltage shorting to the input voltage

The ASD3910X families are available in thermally enhanced SOIC-8 and SOT223 packages. The devices are rated for -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

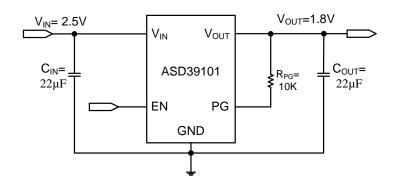
#### **Features**

- V<sub>IN</sub> range: 2.25 16V
- Adjustable V<sub>OUT</sub> range: 1.24 16V
- 1A maximum output current
- 380mV of typical dropout voltage
- Enable pin for LDO on/off
- Power good output
- Reverse battery protection
- Fast transient response
- Current limit protection
- Over-Temperature Shutdown
- -40 to +125°C temperature range
- Available in SOIC-8 and SOT223 packages
- RoHS & WEEE compliant

### **Applications**

- Networking
- Notebook & Desktop
- Printers
- Set-Top-Box
- LCD monitors and TV's

## **Typical Application**





### **Pin Description (ASD39100)**

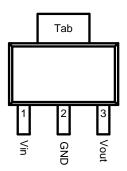
| Pin # | Symbol           | Description   |  |  |
|-------|------------------|---|--|--|
| 1     | V <sub>IN</sub>  | Input supply pin. Connect a 10µF capacitor between this pin and ground.     |  |  |
| 2     | GND              | Ground connection.  |  |  |
| 3     | V <sub>OUT</sub> | Regulated output Voltage. Connect a 22µF capacitor from this pin to ground. |  |  |

### Pin Description (ASD39101/ASD39102)

| Symbol           | Description  |
|------------------|--|
| EN               | Enable pin. It controls the electrical on/off of the device. When connected to logic low, the device shuts off. A logic high will resume normal operation  |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | Input supply pin. Connect a 10µF capacitor between this pin and ground.  |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> | Regulated output Voltage. Connect a $22\mu F$ capacitor from this pin to ground.   |
| PG               | Power Good pin. It is an open collector, active high output that indicates the status of the output voltage. When output voltage ( $V_{\text{OUT}}$ ) exceeds the PG trip threshold, the PG pin goes in to a high impedance state. When the device is out of regulation or shutdown, the PG pin is pulled low. A $10\text{K}\Omega$ to $1\text{M}\Omega$ resistor should be connected from PG to VOUT. |
| Adj              | Feedback Voltage. A resistor network of two resistors is used to set-up the output voltage connected between V <sub>out</sub> and GND. The center tap of the two resistors is connected to Feedback pin.   |
| GND              | Ground connection.   |

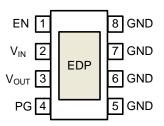
### **Pin Configuration (ASD39100)**

SOT223 (Top View)



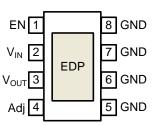
### **Pin Configuration (ASD39101)**

SOIC-8 (Top View)



### **Pin Configuration (ASD39102)**

SOIC-8 (Top View)





## **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (1)

Maximum Input Supply Voltage .....-20V to 20V 

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Ambient Operating Temperature.....-40°C to +125°C

### Thermal Information (2)

| SOIC-8 <b>0</b> , <sub>A</sub>   | 47°C/W |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| SOT223-3 <b>0</b> <sub>14</sub>  | 66°C/W |
| Storage Temperature Range        |        |
| Lead Temperature (soldering 10s) |        |
| Junction Temperature             |        |

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED: V<sub>IN</sub>=5V; V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V; C<sub>IN</sub>=10µF; C<sub>OUT</sub>=22µF; -40°C≤T<sub>A</sub>=T<sub>J</sub>≤85°C; T<sub>J(MAX.)</sub>= 125°C; TYPICAL VALUES ARE T<sub>A</sub>= 25°C

| Parameter                    | Symbol              | Conditions   | Min.  | Тур. | Max.  | Units |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|-------|------|-------|-------|
| Output Voltage Range         | Vo                  | Adjustable only  | 1.24  |      | 15.5  | V     |
| Feedback Voltage             | $V_{FB}$            | V <sub>IN</sub> =5V; I <sub>O</sub> = 10mA                         | 1.215 | 1.24 | 1.265 | V     |
| Maximum Output Current       | Io                  |  | 1.0   |      |       | Α     |
|                              |                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> =500mA  |       | 4    |       |       |
| Supply Current               | $I_Q$               | I <sub>OUT</sub> =750mA  |       | 7    |       | mA    |
|                              |                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A   |       | 12   | 20    |       |
| Shutdown current             | I <sub>SHD</sub>    | V <sub>EN</sub> =GND   |       | 10   | 20    | μA    |
| Current Limit                | I <sub>LIM</sub>    |  |       | 1.8  | 2.5   | Α     |
| Load Regulation <sup>3</sup> |                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA – 1A; V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>O</sub> +1V |       | 0.2  | 1.0   | %     |
| Line Regulation              |                     | Vo+1V <v<sub>IN&lt;8V; I<sub>OUT</sub>=10mA</v<sub>                |       | 0.06 | 0.5   | %/V   |
|                              |                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> =500mA  |       | 65   | 200   |       |
| Dropout Voltage              | $V_{DO}$            | I <sub>OUT</sub> =750mA  |       | 185  |       | mV    |
|                              |                     | I <sub>OUT</sub> =1A   |       | 250  |       |       |
| Enable Threshold Low         | V <sub>EN(L)</sub>  |  |       |      | 0.8   | V     |
| Enable Threshold High        | V <sub>EN(H)</sub>  |  | 2.5   |      |       | V     |
| Input Enable Low Current     | I <sub>EN(L)</sub>  | V <sub>EN</sub> = 0.8V   |       | 2.0  | 4.0   | μА    |
| Input Enable High Current    | I <sub>EN(H)</sub>  | V <sub>EN</sub> =2.5   |       | 15   | 75    | μА    |
| Power good low threshold     | $V_{PG}$            | % of V <sub>OUT</sub>  | 93    |      |       | %     |
| Power good high threshold    | $V_{PG}$            | % of V <sub>OUT</sub>  |       |      | 99.2  | %     |
| Power good low voltage       | $V_{PG(L)}$         | I <sub>PG_SINK</sub> =250 μA; V <sub>IN</sub> =2.5V                |       | 220  | 400   | mA    |
| Thermal Shutdown             | T <sub>SD</sub>     |  |       | 150  |       | °C    |
| Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis  | T <sub>SD_HYS</sub> |  |       | 20   |       | °C    |



# ASD39100/39101/39102

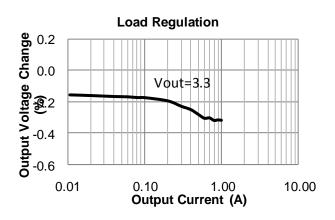
1A, Low Dropout, Fast Transient Linear Regulator

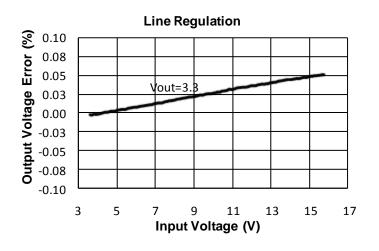
#### Notes:

- 1. Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.
- Measured on approximately 1" square of 1oz copper 2.
- The ASD3910X is guaranteed to meet performance specifications over the -40°C to +125°C operating temperature range and is assured by design, characterization, and correlation with statistical process control.
- Load regulation is measured using pulse techniques with duty cycle <5%.

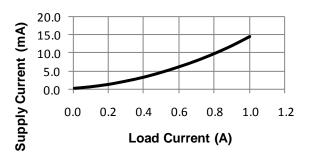


# **Typical Characteristics**

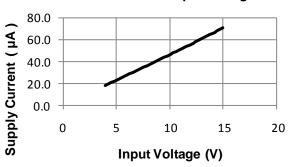




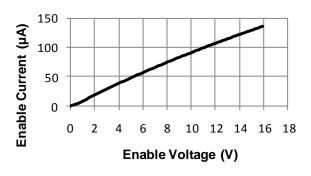
# Supply Current vs. Load Current Vo=3.3V



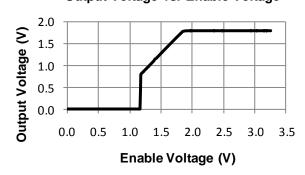
#### Shutdown Current vs. Input Voltage



#### Enable Current vs. Enable Voltage

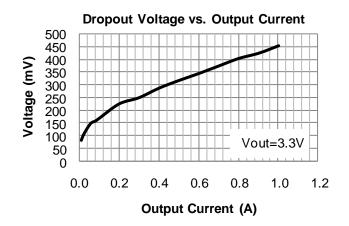


### Output Voltage vs. Enable Voltage



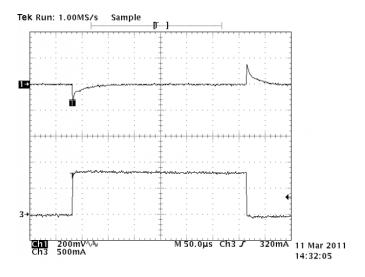


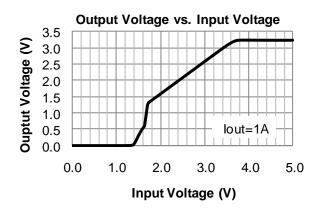
## **Typical Characteristics**





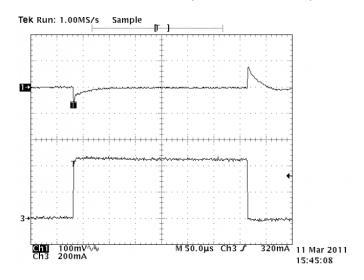
V<sub>IN</sub>=5V; V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V; Load Step= 800mA; C<sub>IN</sub>=C<sub>OUT</sub>=22μF





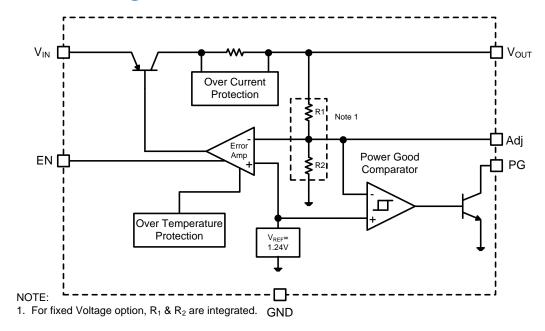
#### **Transient Response**

 $V_{IN}$ =5V;  $V_{OUT}$ =1.8V; Load Step= 500mA;  $C_{IN}$ = $C_{OUT}$ =22 $\mu$ F





# **Functional Block Diagram**



## **Application Hints**

### Input Capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>)

An Input capacitor may be required when the device is not near the source power supply or when supplied by a battery. This capacitor will reduce the circuit's sensitivity when powered from complex source impedance and significantly enhance the output transient response. The input bypass should be mounted with the short possible track directly across the regulator's input and ground terminals. A  $10\mu F$  ceramic or tantalum capacitor should be adequate for most applications.

# Output Capacitor (Cout)

The output capacitor provides not only stability to the regulator, but also, enhances the load transient response. Proper capacitor selection is important to ensure proper operation. A minimum capacitance of  $10\mu F$  is required.

The output capacitor should have less than  $1\Omega$  of ESR. Ultralow ESR capacitors such as ceramic chip capacitors may promote instability. These very low ESR levels may cause an oscillation. A low ESR solid tantalum capacitor works extremely well and provides good transient response and stability over temperature. Aluminum electrolytic can also be used as long as the ESR of the capacitor is  $<1\Omega$ .

Always consult the capacitor manufacturer's data curves before selecting a capacitor. High-quality ceramic capacitors can be obtained from Taiyo-Yuden, AVX, and Murata. Higher values of the output capacitance can be used to enhance loop stability and transient response.

The value of the output capacitor can be increased without limit. Higher capacitance values help to improve transient response and ripple rejection and reduce output noise.

### **Output Voltage**

The adjustable output voltage option allows the user to select an output voltage by using an external resistor divider. ASD3910X uses a 1.24V reference voltage at the positive terminal of the error amplifier. To set the output voltage, a programming resistor from the adjust pin (ADJ) to ground must be selected. A  $10k\Omega$  resistor is a good selection for a programming resistor R2. A higher value may result in an excessively sensitive feedback node while a lower value will draw more current and degrade the light load efficiency. The equation for selecting the voltage specific resistor is:

$$V_O = \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) * V_{FB}$$

For the fixed output devices, R1 and R2 are included within the device.

#### **Enable**

The enable (EN) pin is active high and is compatible with standard digital signaling levels. When VEN below 0.8V, it turns the regulator off while VEN above 2.5V turns the regulator on. If not used, EN can be connected to the input Voltage. If EN is connected to VIN, it should be connected as close as possible to the largest capacitance on the input to prevent voltage droops on that line from triggering the enable circuit.

#### **Power Good**

The power good comparator has an open drain output stage. Hence, the power good pin requires and external pull-up resistor. The pull-up resistor should be about  $100k\Omega,$  and it should be connected to either the input voltage or the output voltage pin. For low current consumption, it is recommended to connect the pull-up resistor to  $V_{\text{OUT}}.$ 

With the device being enabled, the power good pin will produce a logic low signal when the output voltage drops by more than 15% from the nominal output Voltage. The drop in the power good Voltage maybe due to the low input Voltage, current limiting, thermal limiting or when the device is disabled.

#### **Thermal Consideration**

The ASD3910X is designed to provide 1A of continuous current. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(\text{max})} = \left(\frac{T_{J(\text{max})} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$

Where TJ(max) is the maximum junction temperature of the die, TA is the ambient operating temperature, and  $\theta$ JA is layout dependent. The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})^*I_{OUT} + V_{IN}^*I_{SUP}$$

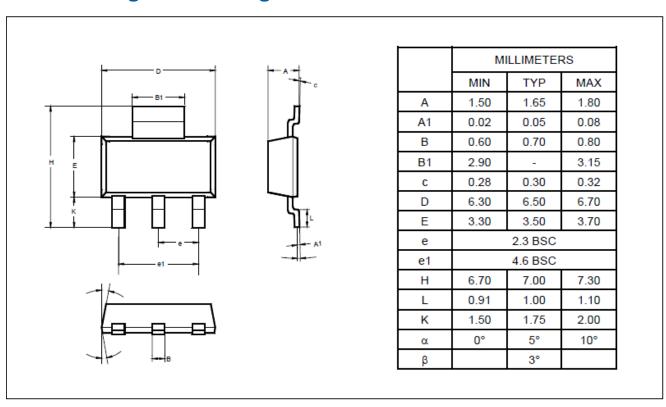
Substituting  $P_{D(max)}$  for  $P_D$  and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit.



# **Ordering Information**

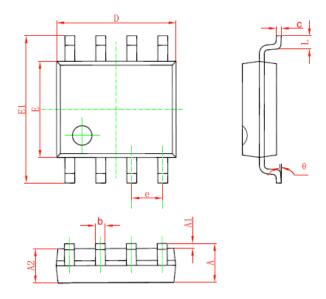
| Device         | Package | Output Voltage | Packing Method & Quantity |
|----------------|---------|----------------|---------------------------|
| ASD39100S-1.5  | SOT223  | 1.5V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39100S-1.8  | SOT223  | 1.8V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39100S-2.5  | SOT223  | 2.5V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39100S-3.3  | SOT223  | 3.3V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39100S-5.0  | SOT223  | 5.0V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39101M8-1.5 | SO8EDP  | 1.5V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39101M8-1.8 | SO8EDP  | 1.8V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39101M8-2.5 | SO8EDP  | 2.5V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39101M8-3.3 | SO8EDP  | 3.3V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39101M8-5.0 | SO8EDP  | 5.0V           | 2500 Tape & Reel          |
| ASD39102M8     | SO8EDP  | Adjustable     | 2500 Tape & Reel          |

# **Outline Drawing and Landing Pattern - SOT223**





## **Outline Drawing and Landing Pattern – SOIC-8**



| 0      | Dimensions In Millimeters |        | Dimensions In Inches |        |  |
|--------|---------------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|--|
| Symbol | Min                       | Max    | Min                  | Max    |  |
| A      | 1. 350                    | 1. 750 | 0.053                | 0.069  |  |
| A1     | 0. 100                    | 0. 250 | 0.004                | 0.010  |  |
| A2     | 1. 350                    | 1. 550 | 0.053                | 0.061  |  |
| b      | 0. 330                    | 0. 510 | 0.013                | 0.020  |  |
| С      | 0. 170                    | 0. 250 | 0.006                | 0.010  |  |
| D      | 4. 700                    | 5. 100 | 0. 185               | 0. 200 |  |
| E      | 3. 800                    | 4. 000 | 0.150                | 0. 157 |  |
| E1     | 5. 800                    | 6. 200 | 0. 228               | 0. 244 |  |
| е      | 1, 270 (BSC)              |        | 0. 050 (BSC)         |        |  |
| L      | 0. 400                    | 1. 270 | 0.016                | 0.050  |  |
| θ      | 0°                        | 8°     | 0°                   | 8°     |  |

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